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Effects of nickel(II) addition on the activity of activated sludge microorganisms

and activated sludge process

Abstract

The effects of Ni(II) in a synthetic wastewater on the activity of activated sludge microorganisms

and sequencing batch reactor (SBR) treatment process were investigated. Two parallel lab-

scale SBR systems were operated. One was used as a control unit, while the other received

Ni(II) concentrations equal to 5 and 10 mg/l. The SBR systems were operated with FILL,

REACT, SETTLE, DRAW and IDLE modes in the time ratio of 0.5:3.5:1.0:0.75:0.25 for a cycle

time of 6 h. The addition of Ni(II) into SBR system caused drastically dropped in TOC removal

rate (k) and specific oxygen uptake rate (SOUR) by activated sludge microorganisms due to the

inhibitory effects of Ni(II) on the bioactivity of microorganisms. The addition of 5 mg/l Ni(II)

caused a slight reduction in TOC removal efficiency, whereas 10 mg/l Ni(II) addition significantly

affected the SBR performance in terms of suspended solids and TOC removal efficiency.

Termination of Ni(II) addition led to almost full recovery of the bioactivity in microorganisms as

shown in the increase of specific oxygen uptake rate (SOUR) and SBR treatment performance.

Keywords

Activated sludge; Inhibitory effect; Nickel; Sequencing batch reactor; SOUR