

FINAL COMMERCIAL ENERGY DEMAND¹ BY SOURCE, 1995-2005

<i>Source</i>	<i>1995</i>		<i>2000</i>		<i>2005</i>		<i>Average Annual Growth Rate (%)</i>	
	<i>PJ²</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>PJ</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>PJ</i>	<i>%</i>	<i>7MP</i>	<i>8MP</i>
Petroleum Products	676.0	72.8	804.3	68.9	1,139.1	67.0	3.5	7.2
Natural Gas ³	81.1	8.8	120.0	10.3	184.8	10.9	8.2	9.0
Electricity	141.3	15.2	205.0	17.6	320.0	18.8	7.7	9.3
Coal & Coke	29.8	3.2	37.8	3.2	55.9	3.3	4.9	8.1
Total	928.2	100.0	1,167.1	100.0	1,699.8	100.0	4.7	7.8
Per Capita Consumption (gigajoules)	44.3		50.1		66.4		2.5	5.8

Notes:

¹ Refers to the quantity of commercial energy delivered to final consumers but excludes gas, coal and fuel oil used in electricity generation.

² Joule is the unit of energy to establish the equivalent physical heat content of each energy form. One megajoule = 10⁶ joules, one gigajoule (GJ) = 10⁹ joules and one petajoule (PJ) = 10¹⁵ joules and one PJ = 0.0239 million tonnes of oil equivalent (mtoe). One toe = 7.6 barrels.

³ Includes natural gas used as fuel and feedstock consumed by the non-electricity sector.